

DIADOPHIS PUNCTATUS (Ring-necked Snake). USA: ALABAMA: BULLOCK Co.: Wehle Forever Wild Tract, 7.4 km SE of AL Hwy 51 and Bullock CR 47 (Pleasant Hill Road) intersection (32.03019°N, 85.45613°W; WGS84). 31 March 2007. E. Soehren, J. Soehren, A. Williamon, and A. Cochran. Auburn Museum of Natural History (AUM AHAP-D 825, digital photo voucher). New county record (Mount 1975. The Reptiles and Amphibians of Alabama. Agricultural Experiment Station, Auburn University, Alabama. 347 pp.). Individual captured under woody debris within shaded seepage slope adjacent to small stream. This record fills in county gap surrounded by Macon, Russell, Barbour, Pike, and Montgomery counties within the upper Coastal Plain region (Mount 1975, *op. cit.*). Coosa Co.: Coosa Wildlife Management Area: Cahaba & Columbiana Forever Wild Tracts, 4.4 km NNW of AL Hwy 22 and Coosa CR 29 intersection (Kellys Crossroads). (32.87232°N, 86.35636°W; WGS84). 2 May 2007. E. Soehren, J. Trent, and M. Bailey. AUM AHAP-D 824 (digital photo voucher). New county record (Mount 1975, *op. cit.*) Adult encountered actively moving over ground within mature, montane *Pinus palustris* (Longleaf Pine). This record fills in gap within all surrounding counties (Mount 1975, *op. cit.*).

Both records were verified by David Laurencio and vetted through examination of online museum holdings (VertNet; HerpNET) and thorough literature review (Zoological Record).

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HORMONOTUS MODESTUS (Brown File Snake). GABON: OGOOUÉ-LOLO PROVINCE: OFFOUÉ-ONOY DEPARTMENT: Mount Iboundji (1.162609°S, 11.806277°E, WGS84, elev. 726 m). 22 November 2012. P. Carlino. Verified by Z. T. Nagy. Museo di Storia naturale del Salento, Calimera (MSNS Rept 84). Snout-vent length 534 mm; tail length 146 mm, complete; 1+242 keeled ventral scales; 100 divided, keeled subcaudal scales; 15-15-12 smooth dorsal scale rows. Found at 2130 h in dense primary forest on a large tree at 1.8 m above ground. First record for Ogooué-Lolo Province (Pauwels and Vande weghe 2008. Reptiles du Gabon. Smithsonian Institution, Washington, DC. 272 pp.; Pauwels and Sallé 2009. Hamadryad 34[1]:22–27) and for the Massif du Chaillu (Pauwels et al. 2002. Bull. IRSNB 72:47–57).

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INDOTYLOPS BRAMINUS (Brahminy Blindsnake). MÉXICO: AGUASCALIENTES: MUNICIPALITY OF CAJILLO: Jáltiche de Abajo (21.780225°N, 102.810392°W; WGS84), 1550 m elev. 28 March 2014. Rubén A. Carbalal-Márquez, Gustavo E. Quintero-Díaz, and Armando Cardona-Arceo. Verified by Luis Canseco-Márquez. Universidad Autónoma de Aguascalientes (UAA-CV-R266). First record for the municipality, extending the known range of the species ca. 55 airline km SW from the closest known locality at

Ciudad Aguascalientes (Vázquez-Díaz and Quintero-Díaz 2005. Anfibios y Reptiles de Aguascalientes. CONABIO, CIEMA, 2° ed. México, D.F. 318 pp.). Three specimens of this exotic snake (one vouchered) were found between 1700–1800 h beneath rocks near a stream in riparian vegetation surrounded by tropical deciduous forest.

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LAMPROPELTIS POLYZONA (Mexican Milksnake). MÉXICO: AGUASCALIENTES: MUNICIPALITY OF JESÚS MARÍA: 1.6 km W of Puente Cuates (21.866517°N, 102.585826°W; WGS84), 1836 m elev. 21 April 2009. Sergio Rojas Quezada and Gustavo Ernesto Quintero-Díaz. Verified by Luis Canseco-Márquez. Universidad Autónoma de Aguascalientes (UAA-CV-0328). First record for Aguascalientes (Vázquez-Díaz and Quintero-Díaz 2005. Anfibios y Reptiles de Aguascalientes. CONABIO, CIEMA, México, D.F. 318 pp.), extending the species known range ca. 133 km SE from the closest reported locality, 135 km SW Zacatecas (8 km NW Rio Chico at Mezquitic), Jalisco, México (Mitchell 1980. Southwest. Nat. 25:269). The juvenile snake was found during evening hours beneath a flat rock near a stream in riparian vegetation within arid scrub forest. Ruane et al. (2014. Syst. Biol. 63:231–250) recently elevated milk snakes that occupy this portion of Mexico from *L. triangulum* to *L. polyzona*.

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LAMPROPELTIS SPLENDIDA (Desert Kingsnake). USA: TEXAS: KENT Co.: Lake Alan Henry Wildlife Mitigation Area; 11 km S, 26 km W Clairemont (33.072825°N, 101.024024°W; WGS84). 27 June 2011. Stephen Kasper. Verified by Toby J. Hibbitts. Texas Cooperative Wildlife Collection (TCWC 100195). New county record within its known range (Dixon 2013. Amphibians and Reptiles of Texas: with Keys, Taxonomic Synopses, Bibliography, and Distribution Maps, 3rd ed. Texas A&M University Press, College Station, Texas. 447 pp.). DOR collected from a dirt road within the drainage of the South Fork of the Double Mountain Fork of the Brazos River in grassland-mesquite thicket.

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NAJA PHILIPPINENSIS (Northern Philippine Cobra). PHILIPPINES: LUZON: BENGUET PROVINCE: MUNICIPALITY OF KAPANGAN: Acop-Kapangan-Kubungan Road (16.552608°N, 120.616156°E; WGS84), 1040 m elev. 2 June 2013. Tony Gerard. Verified by Rafe M. Brown. Lee Kong Chian Natural History Museum, National University of Singapore (ZRC[IMG]2.229a-e, photographic voucher). First provincial record and highest elevational record for species. Previously recorded on Luzon (Aurora, Batangas, Bulacan, Cagayan, Cavite, Ilocos Norte, Laguna, National Capital